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- substantive evidence: The United States may elicit hearsay testimony from arresting agents
- Stipulation of Fact and Joint Motion for Release of

- provide the signed, original plea agreement to the Government not later than five business days before the disposition date set by the Court.
- Defendant agrees to plead guilty to the charge pursuant to the plea agreement before 3. the material witness depositions are taken.
- 4. The material witnesses, Miguel Angel Alaniz-Morales, Maria Esther Mata-Martinez, and Cristobal Salazar-Flores, in this case:
 - Are aliens with no lawful right to enter or remain in the United States;

Defendant acknowledges receipt of a plea agreement in this case and agrees to

- Entered or attempted to enter the United States illegally on or about b. May 2, 2008;
- Were found in rural terrain near the international border with Mexico and were being guided by defendant, and defendant knew of the fact that they were aliens with no lawful right to enter or remain in the United States;
- d. Were paying and having others pay on their behalf \$2,500 to be brought into the United States illegally and/or transported illegally to their destination therein; and,
- May be released and remanded immediately to the Department of Homeland Security for return to their country of origin.
- 5. After the material witnesses are ordered released by the Court pursuant to this stipulation and joint motion, if defendant does not plead guilty to the charge set forth above, for any reason, or thereafter withdraws his guilty plea to that charge, defendant agrees that in any proceeding, including, but not limited to, motion hearings, trial, sentencing, appeal or collateral attack, that:
- The stipulated facts set forth in paragraph 4 above shall be admitted as
- regarding any statements made by the material witness(es) provided in discovery, and such testimony shall be admitted as substantive evidence under Fed. R. Evid. 804(b)(3) as statements against interest of (an) unavailable witness(es); and,

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1	c. Understanding that under <u>Crawford v. Washington</u> , 124 S. Ct. 1354 (2004),
2	"testimonial" hearsay statements are not admissible against a defendant unless defendant confronted
3	and cross-examined the witness(es) who made the "testimonial" hearsay statements, defendant
4	waives the right to confront and cross-examine the material witness(es) in this case.
5	6. By signing this stipulation and joint motion, defendant certifies that defendant has
6	read it (or that it has been read to defendant in defendant's native language). Defendant certifies
7	further that defendant has discussed the terms of this stipulation and joint motion with defense
8	counsel and fully understands its meaning and effect.
9	Based on the foregoing, the parties jointly move the stipulation into evidence and for the
10	immediate release and remand of the above-named material witness(es) to the Department of
11	Homeland Security for return to their country of origin.
12	It is STIPULATED AND AGREED this date.
13	Respectfully submitted,
14	KAREN P. HEWITT United States Attorney
15	Maken No
16	Dated: COUCH PV REBECCA S. KANTER
17	Assistant United States Attorney
18	Dated: 18 June 2003. Condis marie
19	CANDIS MITCHELL Defense Counsel for NUNEZ-GOMEZ
20	Dated: 18Jun 2108. Julio COM N. G.
21	JULIO CESAR NUNEZ-GOMEZ Defendant
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Stipulation of Fact and Joint Motion for Release of Material Witness(es) And Order Thereon in United States v. Julio Cesar Nunez-Gomez